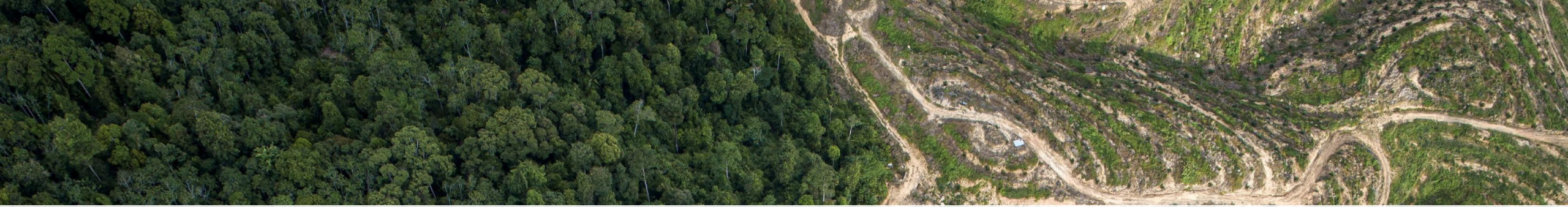

Aligning the Economy with GBF Targets:

Nature-Positive Transition Pathways, Economic Planning, and Enabling Policies

Mon 26/10, 13:00-14:00

Netherlands Pavilion

UK Government

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MC / MODERATOR

Sonya Likhtman

Director, Stewardship

Federated Hermes

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AGENDA

00-10' **Opening Remarks** | Sonya Likhtman (Federated Hermes), Mark Collins (Defra)

10-25' **Presentation** | Karen Ellis (WWF), Rodrigo Cassola (UNEP-WCMC)

25-45' **Panel Discussion** | Pim Fischer (Netherlands), Andres Factos (Ecuador), Neha Dutt (UK), Oliver Withers (Standard Chartered)

45-55' **Q&A**

55-60' **Closing Remarks**

UK Government · Kingdom of the Netherlands · WWF · UN environment programme WCMC · WAGENINGEN UNIVERSITY & RESEARCH · Finance for Biodiversity Foundation · Green Finance Institute · The Nature Conservancy

OPENING REMARKS

Mark Collins

Deputy Director, International Nature, Climate and Development,

UK Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

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PRESENTATION

KAREN ELLIS

Chief Economist

WWF

RODRIGO CASSOLA

Principal Specialist in Nature and Finance

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STRUCTURE OF THE PRESENTATION

Develop national nature goals

Align the economy

Incentivise the transition

WHAT ARE NATURE-POSITIVE PATHWAYS

Define what the nature positive transition needs to look like

NPPs translate national and global environmental goals into sector-specific business actions, required policies, and investable opportunities. They help governments with:

- Delivering nature targets
- Mobilising private investment for nature
- Integrating nature into decision-making across govt and the economy

Move from biodiversity targets to coordinated sectoral strategies, supported by coherent policies, incentives & shared responsibilities.

UNITED KINGDOM

The Government **committed** to develop NPPs in its Environmental Improvement Plan.

Private sector support: Over 30 major businesses signed an open letter asking the government to develop NPPs

The **methodology** for producing NPPs was published in July;

A pilot pathway for the agrifood sector will be ready later this year.

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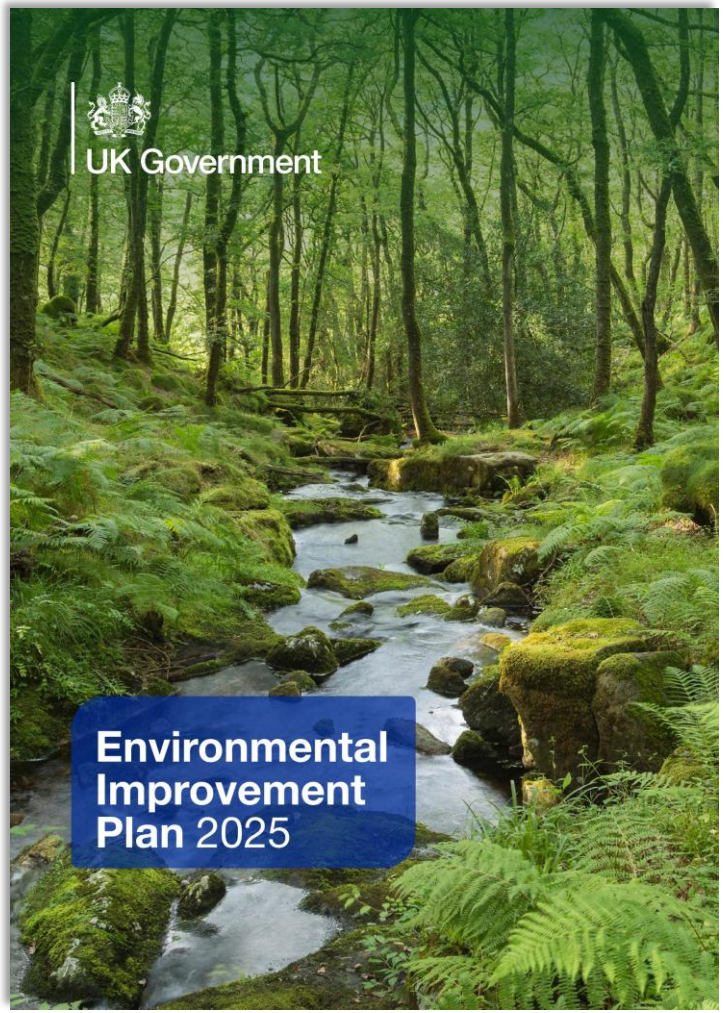
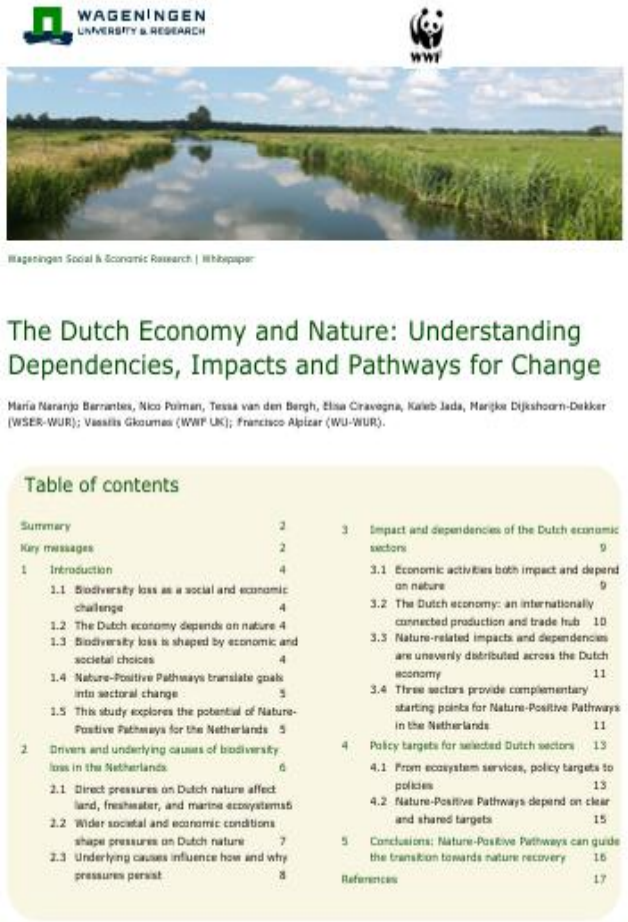


NETHERLANDS

Adapting NPPs: The Dutch Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries, Food Security and Nature commissioned Wageningen University, with support from WWF, to adapt NPPs to the Dutch economy.

Published an assessment of the potential for Nature Positive in the Netherlands.

The aim is to build support for NPPs across government and private sector.



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Wageningen Social & Economic Research | Whitepaper

The Dutch Economy and Nature: Understanding Dependencies, Impacts and Pathways for Change

Maria Naranjo Barrantes, Nico Polman, Tessa van den Bergh, Elisa Ciravegna, Kaleb Jada, Marijke Dijkshoorn-Dekker (WSER-WUR); Vassilis Gkoumas (WWF UK); Francisco Alpizar (WU-WUR).

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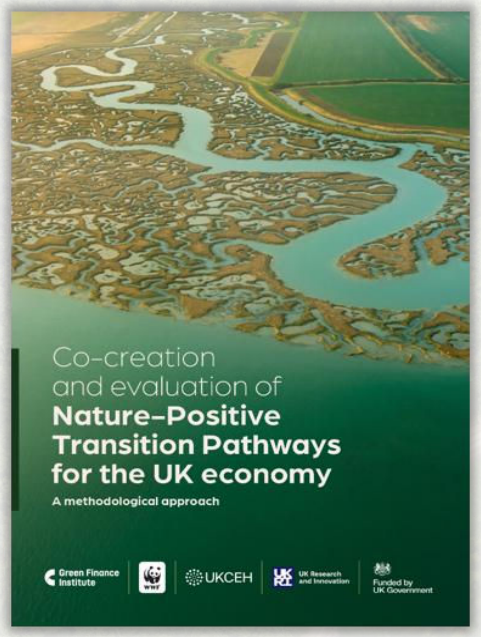
NEXT STEPS



Out soon: Draft Step-by-Step Guide on How to Get Started with Developing NPPs

Get in Touch

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Nature Transitions Support Programme

Thriving people and prosperous economies in harmony with nature

UK International Development
Partnership | Progress | Prosperity

UN environment programme WCMC

University of Minnesota

UNDP

BCR

Instituto Humboldt Colombia

INABIO
Instituto Nacional de Biodiversidad

Council for Scientific and Industrial Research
CSIR
Ghana

Funded by the UK's **DEFRA**, the **Nature Transitions Support Programme (NTSP)** supports a locally-led implementation of the recommendations of the Dasgupta Review, rewiring the relationship between nature and the economy, so that people, business, and ecosystems can all thrive.

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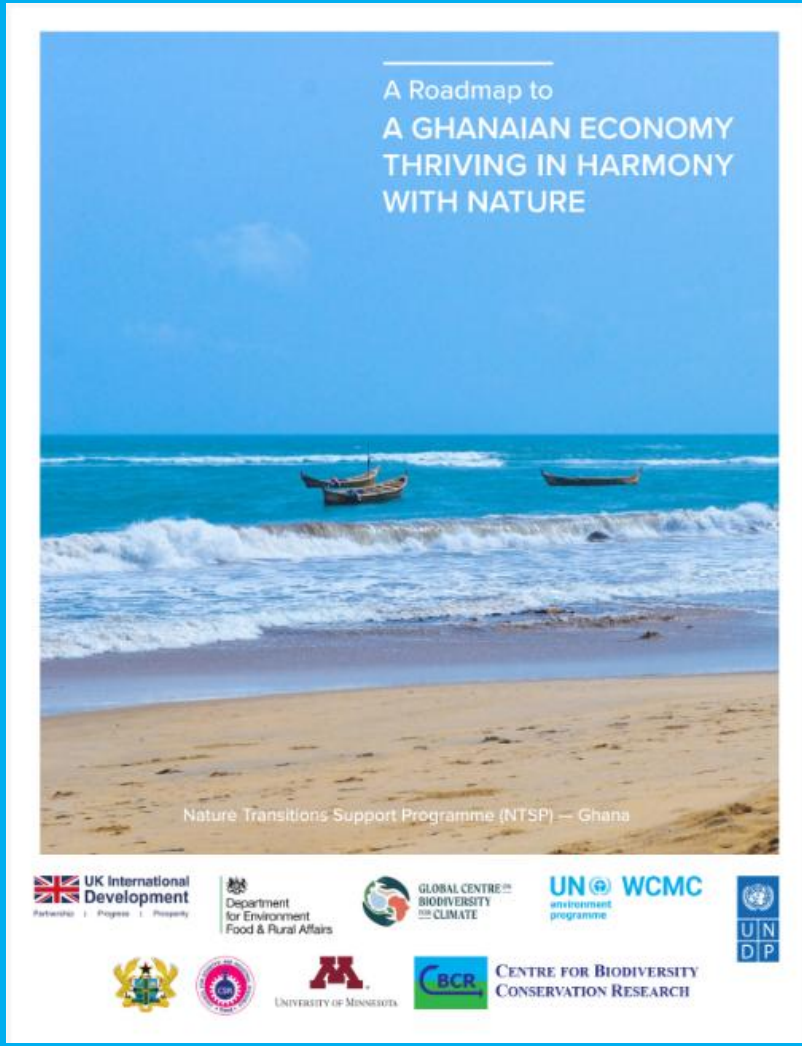
NTSP Ghana roadmap



60%

of GDP is generated in industries moderately to very highly **dependent** on nature

67%

of GDP comes from activities with moderate to very high direct i**mpacts** on nature

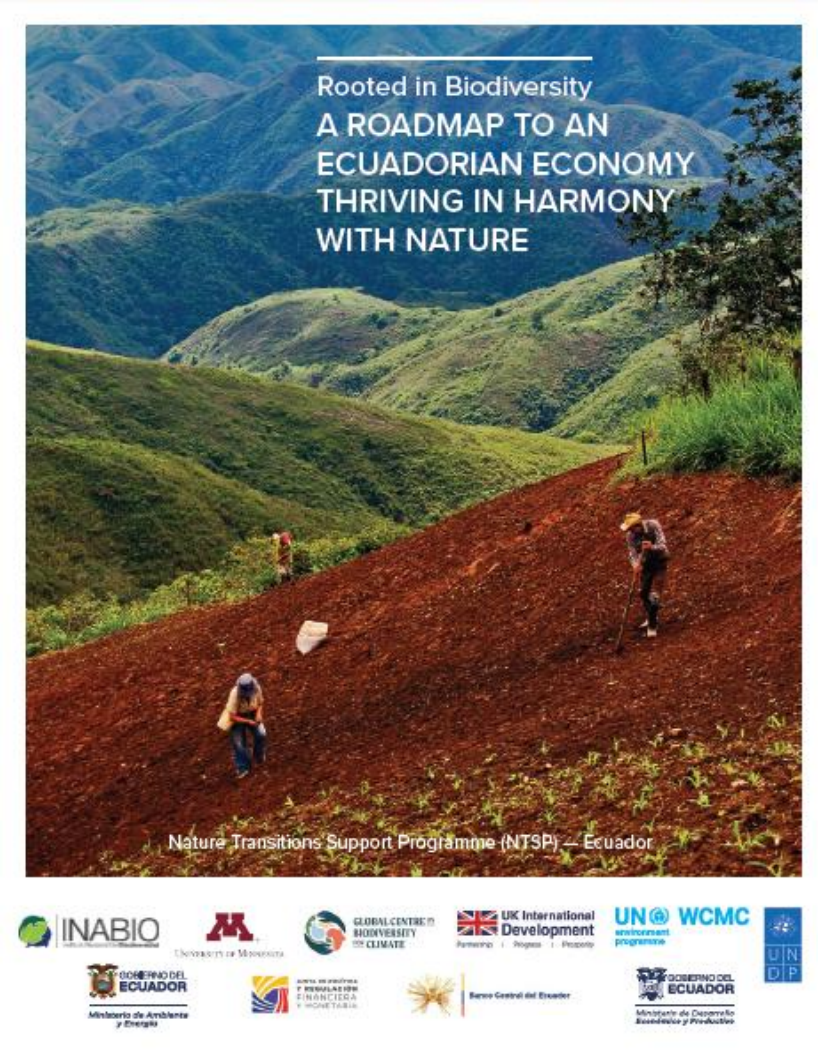
40%

of GDP is **dependent** on water-related ecosystem services

Degradation of ecosystem services in Ghana could slow economic growth by

26%

NTSP Ecuador roadmap



34%

of GDP is generated in industries moderately to very highly **dependent** on nature

Degradation of ecosystem services in Ecuador could slow economic growth by

24%

Improving pollination through restoration, could add

USD 20 million a year to GDP

80% GDP

Depends just on six ecosystem services

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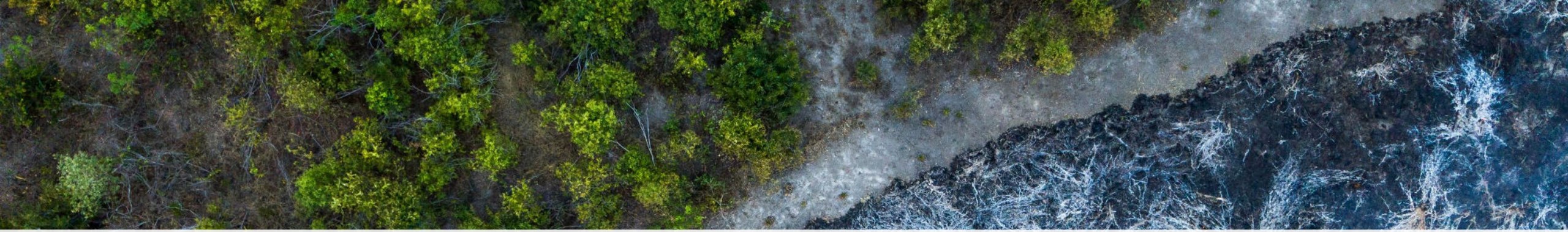

Q&A

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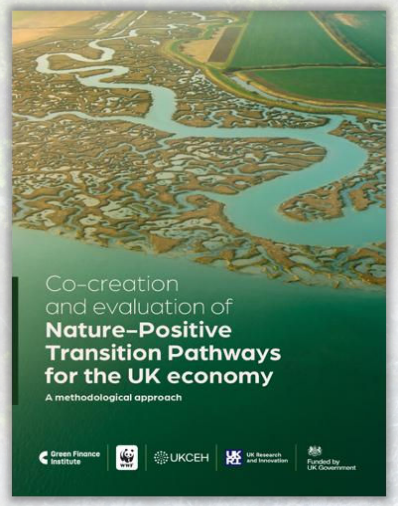

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